



# Investor Presentation Q4 2024

## Company Overview

- Summit State Bank is a commercial bank headquartered in Santa Rosa, CA with \$1.1 billion in assets, 5 branch locations and more than 106 employees
- Bank formed in 1982
- Listed on NASDAQ in 2006 under the ticker symbol "SSBI"
- **Summit Way Service Standards** -Dedicated to serving and giving back to its customers and communities by delivering the best service and solutions available

*Building a Better Sonoma County, That's Our Business*







## Summit State Bank Locations

Headquartered in Santa Rosa, CA

### Branch Locations

- Santa Rosa Main
- Healdsburg
- Santa Rosa Montgomery Village
- Rohnert Park
- Petaluma

### Regional Small Business Lending Group

- HQ in Roseville, CA



# Market Area Highlights



## Northern California Concentrated in Sonoma County

- Commercial Property Investment Inventory Remains Low due to limited construction over the past ten years.
- Diverse and Strong Economy:
  - Healthcare, Manufacturing, Construction and Wholesale Trade Comprise > 40% of the County's Earnings
  - Consistently Low Unemployment
- Ranked 14<sup>th</sup> in Median Household Income across California

\* 2024 CA & Sonoma County GDP figures unavailable

Note: Real Annual GDP Rate of change, not seasonally adjusted.  
Source: <https://fred.stlouisfed.org>

# Our Leadership Team



**Brian Reed**

President & CEO  
40 Years in the Industry  
8 at Summit State Bank



**Genie Del Secco**

EVP & Chief Operating Officer  
34 Years in the Industry  
9 at Summit State Bank



**Brandy Seppi**

EVP & Chief Lending Officer  
31 Years in the Industry  
10 at Summit State Bank



**Camille Kazarian**

EVP & Chief Financial Officer  
25 Years in the Industry  
6 at Summit State Bank

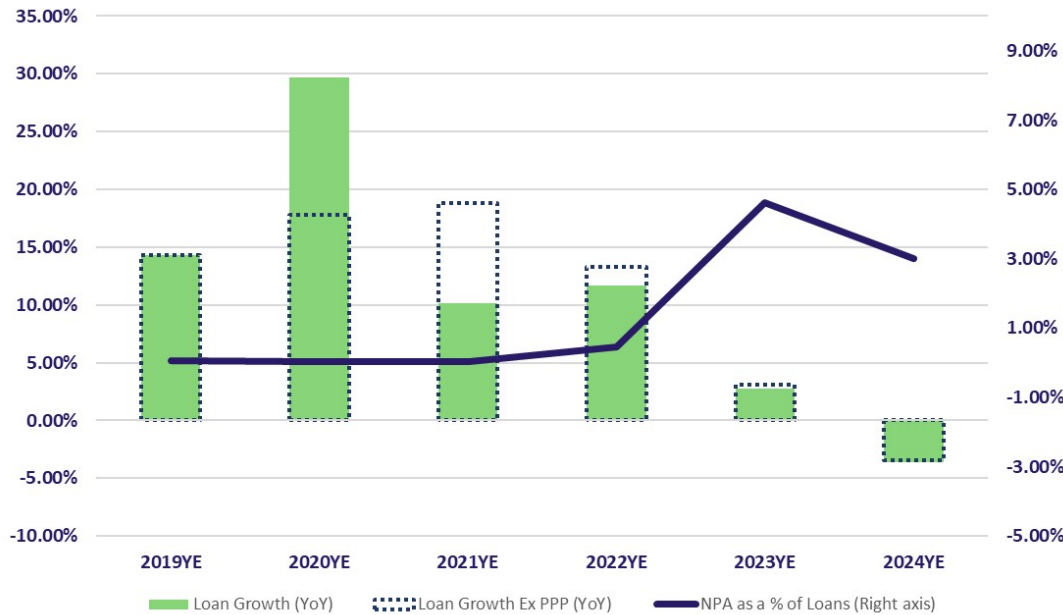


**Michael Floyd**

EVP & Chief Credit Officer  
40 Years in the Industry  
1 at Summit State Bank

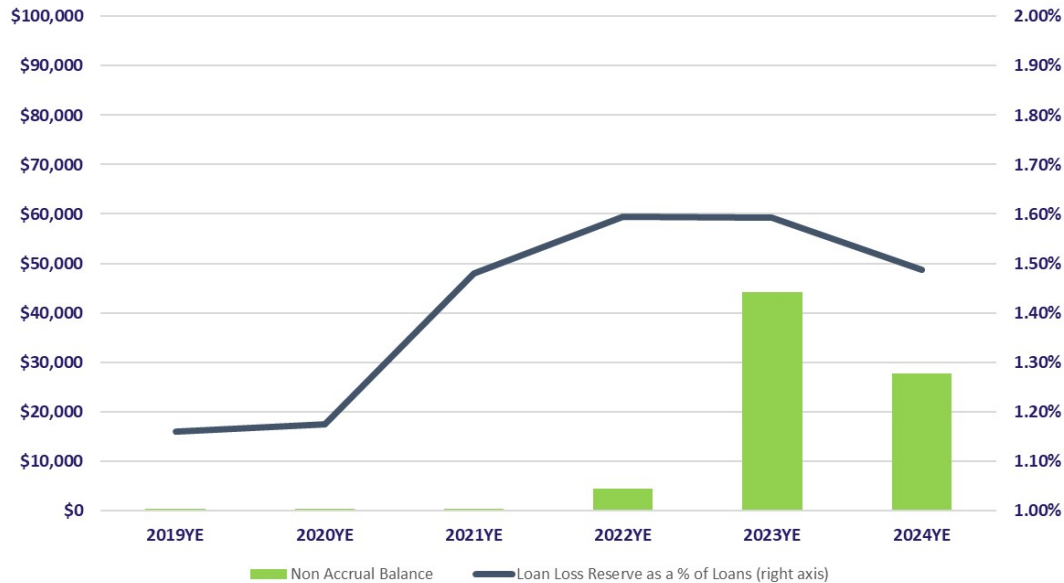
**170 Years of Collective  
Experience**

## Loan Growth & Asset Quality



- 2024 Loan growth has slowed due to focus on quality and appropriate rate in a highly competitive market
- Strong Reserves at 1.49% (Allowance for Loans & Lease Losses – ACL)
- Elevated Non-Performing Loans are primarily comprised of a group of large relationships that are individually assessed and assigned specific reserves based on recent appraisals
  - Specific Reserve levels are evaluated quarterly based on updated information

## Non-Performing Loans and Loan Loss Reserve



Note: CECL Conversion as of January 1, 2021

### Non-Performing Loans:

- 3 specific relationships make up 94% of non-performing assets as of Q4 2024
- \$2.2MM of specific reserves set aside for all Impaired loans
- General pool reserves remain at 1.30% (excluding specific relationships)
- Historically, actual net losses during the Great Recession were 1.13% of loans annually for 4 years

## Non-Performing Loans

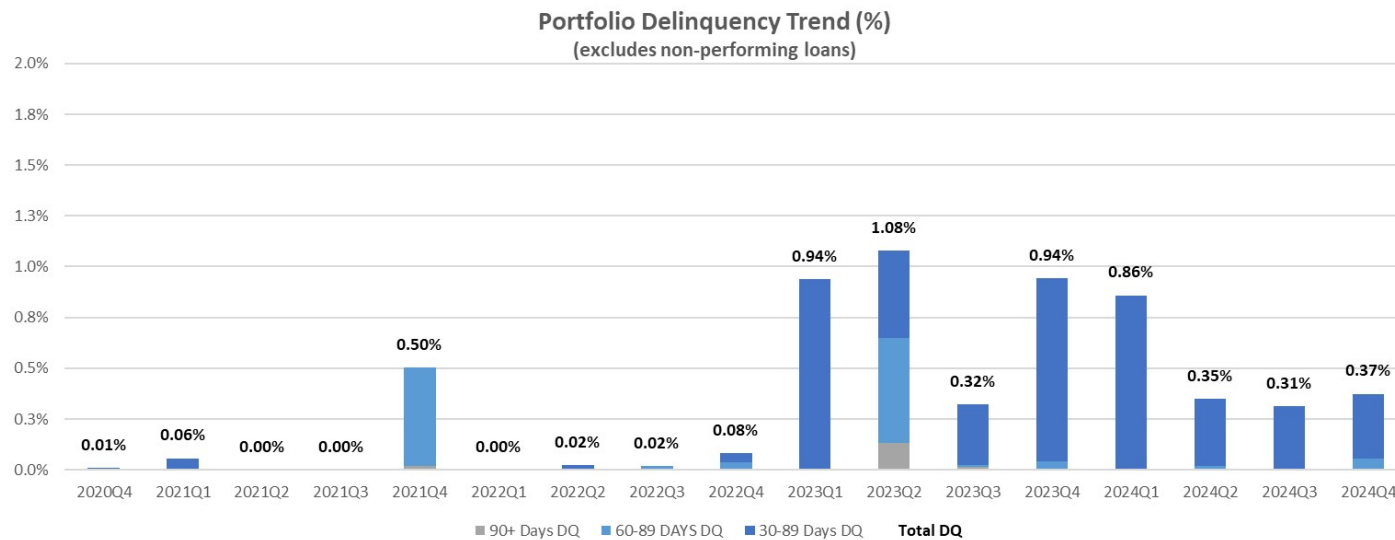
	Bank Balance (\$000)	% of Non- Performing Loans	Industry	Specific Reserve at Q4 2024 (\$000)	Expected Resolution	Status at Q4 2024
Credit #1	\$9,993	36%	Winery	\$0	Q1 2025	In Contract to Sell
Credit #2	\$8,108	29%	Agriculture	\$345	TBD	In Bankruptcy
Credit #3	\$8,016	29%	Agriculture	\$546	Q2 2025	In Contract to Sell
Credit #4	\$0	0%	Retail	\$0	Q4 2024	Resolved
Total	\$26,117	94%		\$891		

Total Non-Performing Loans: \$27.8MM

Note: Estimated losses could exceed specific reserves and required additional provisions. Reserve amounts may change based on actual contracted amounts, negotiations, updated appraisals, market conditions, costs to carry, timing of resolution and other events that may impact the value of a loan's specific reserve. Expected resolution dates are estimates and are subject to delays.



# Portfolio Delinquency Trends

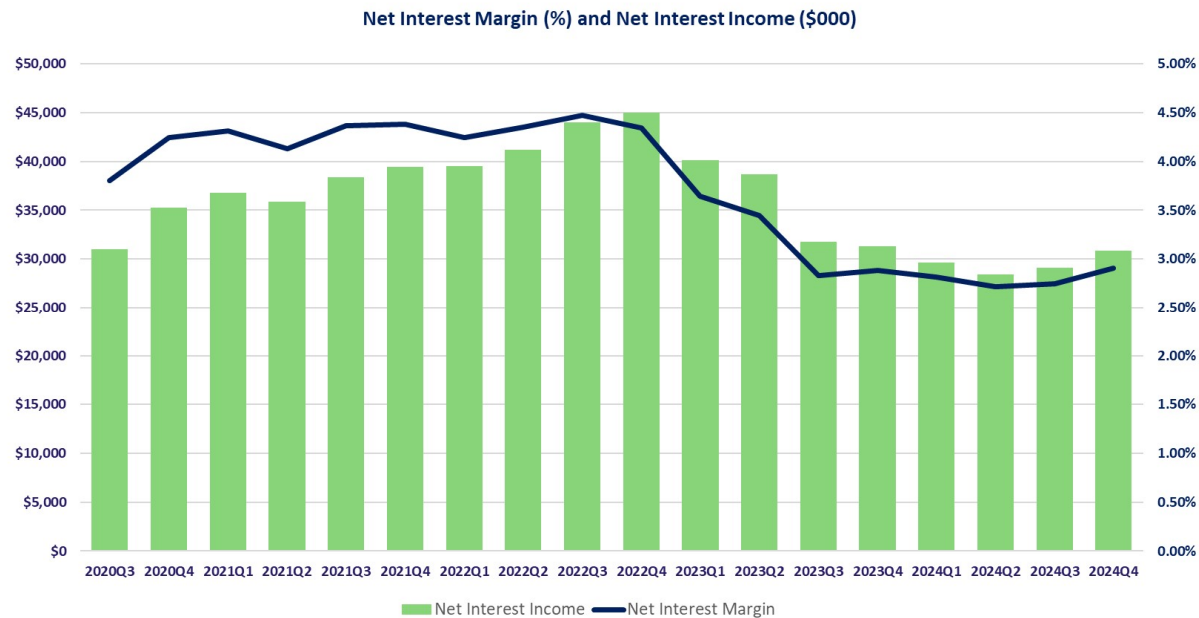


## Delinquency Trends:

- Delinquency metrics of the performing portfolio have been declining in recent periods
- Past Due segment is currently <0.5% of the portfolio

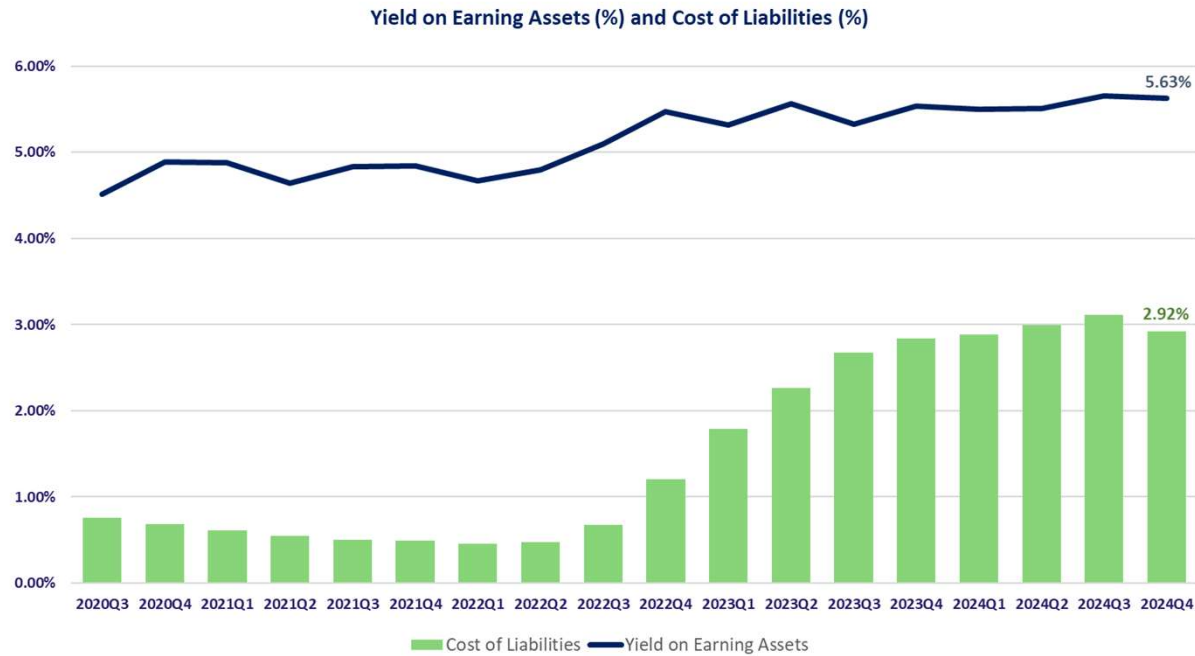
\*excludes Non-Accrual loans

# Interest Income & Interest Expense Management



- NIM compression and Net Interest Income decline due to elevated cost of funds, lower volume of new higher priced loans and existing loans that have repriced slower than deposits
- Starting in Q3 2024, NIM and Net Interest Income compression is improving as deposit pricing has decreased and more loans are repricing higher

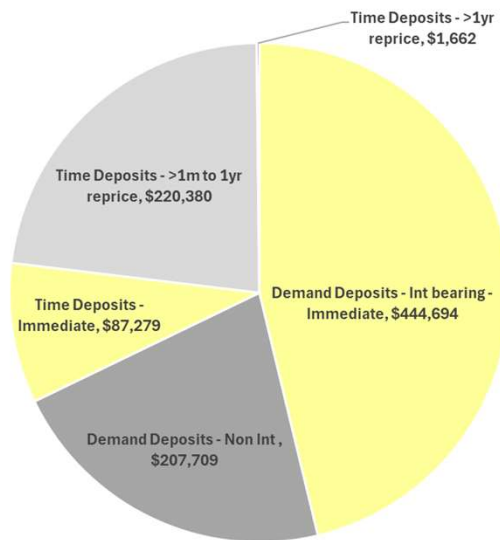
# Yield on Earning Assets vs Cost of Liabilities



- Cost of Liabilities has risen faster than the Yield on Earning Assets
- Cost of Liabilities has peaked in Q3 2024

# Deposits & Loans Repricing by Maturity

Deposit Portfolio (\$000) - Dec 2024

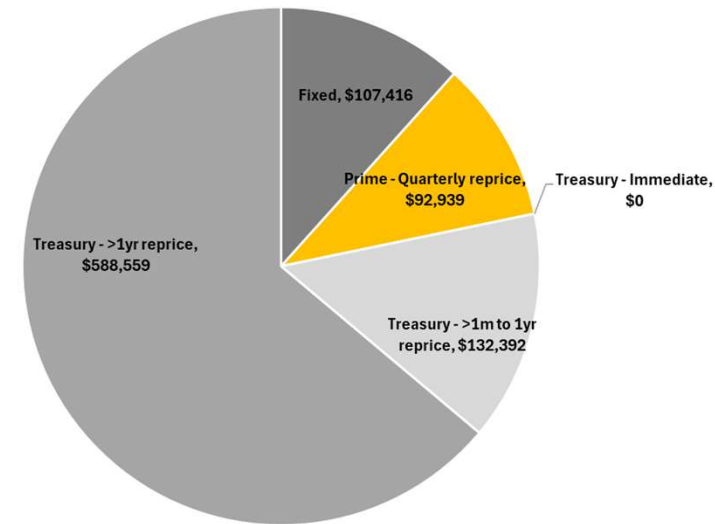


- Majority of Interest-bearing Deposits may reprice within 1 year
- Only 24% of the Loan Portfolio contractually reprices within 1 year



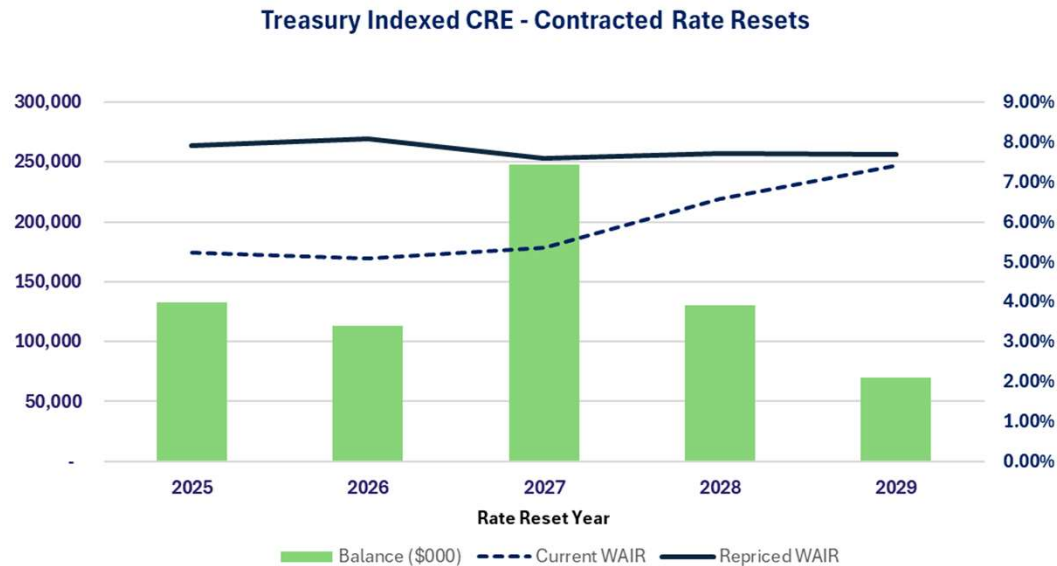
- Reprices Immediately
- Reprices quarterly
- Reprices in 1 month to 1 year
- Reprices 1 year+
- Fixed Rate

Loan Portfolio (\$000) - Dec 2024





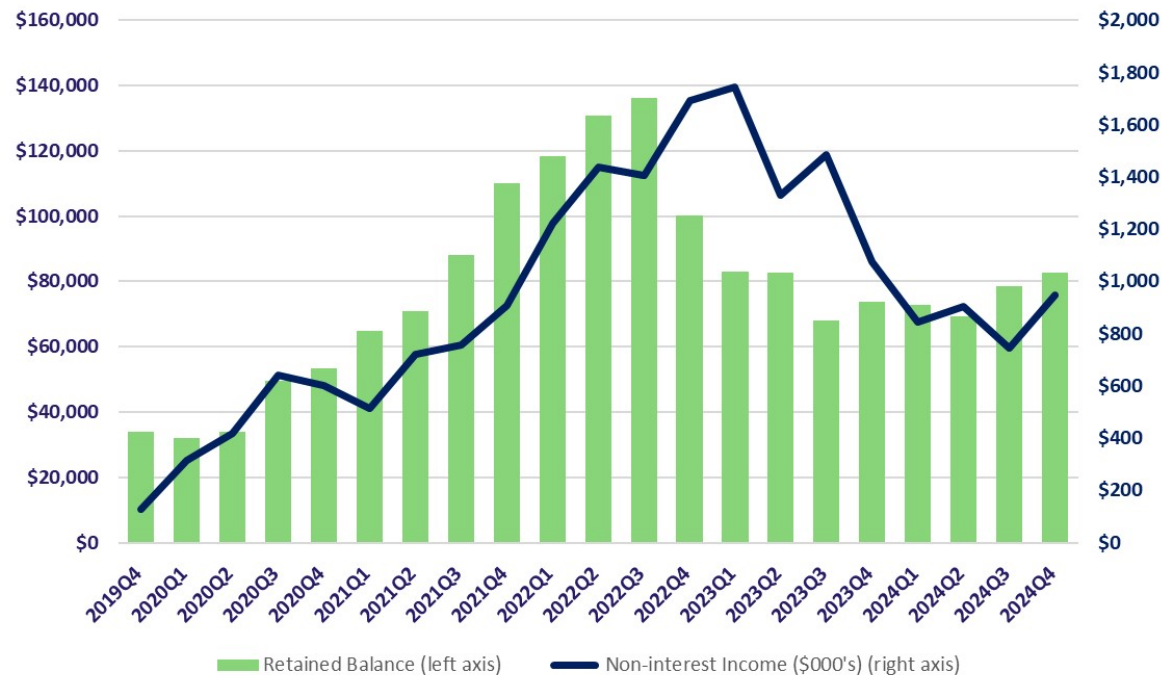
## Treasury Indexed CRE – Contracted Rate Resets



**Note:** Loan Balance does not reflect potential for loan defaults, refinancing activities or prepayments. This graph is not intended as an indication of future financial results. Please reference page 22 of this report.

- Most Treasury Indexed CRE Loans reprice every 5 years based on the corresponding Constant Maturity Treasury index
- Repriced rates reflect a snapshot of market rates as of 12/31/2024; Actual repricing rates can differ depending on market rates at the time of repricing
- Treasury Indexed CRE Loans represent about 70% of the Total loan portfolio

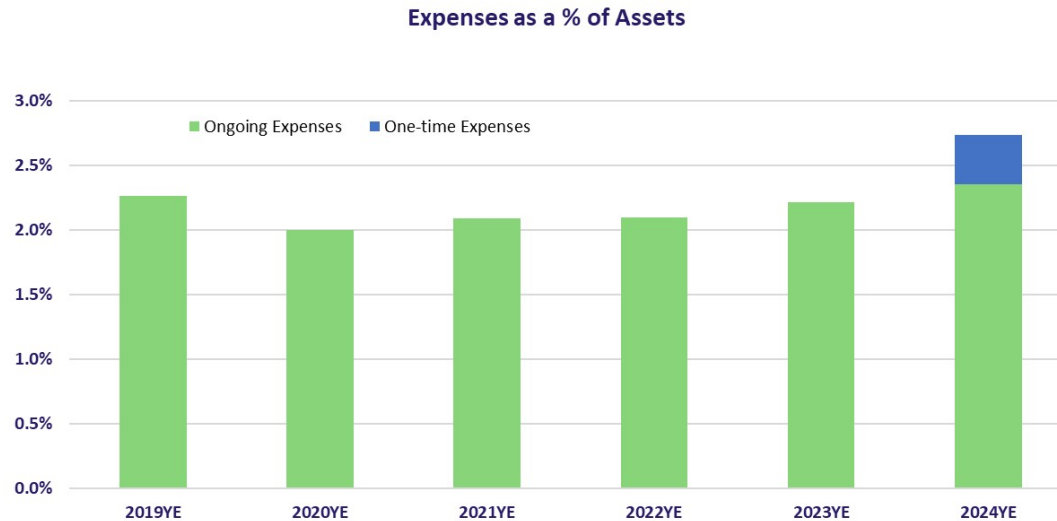
# Government Guaranteed Loan Programs



- Dedicated Small Business Lending Group Created in 2017
- Floating Rate Yields ~ 9.4% (Jan 2025 adjustment)
- Decrease in Non-Interest Income through:
  - Lower SBA Loan Sales Volume and Premiums
  - Offset by increasing Servicing income
- Decreased Retained Balance driven by:
  - Selling majority of guaranteed balances
  - Slowing SBA originations
  - Increased prepayments

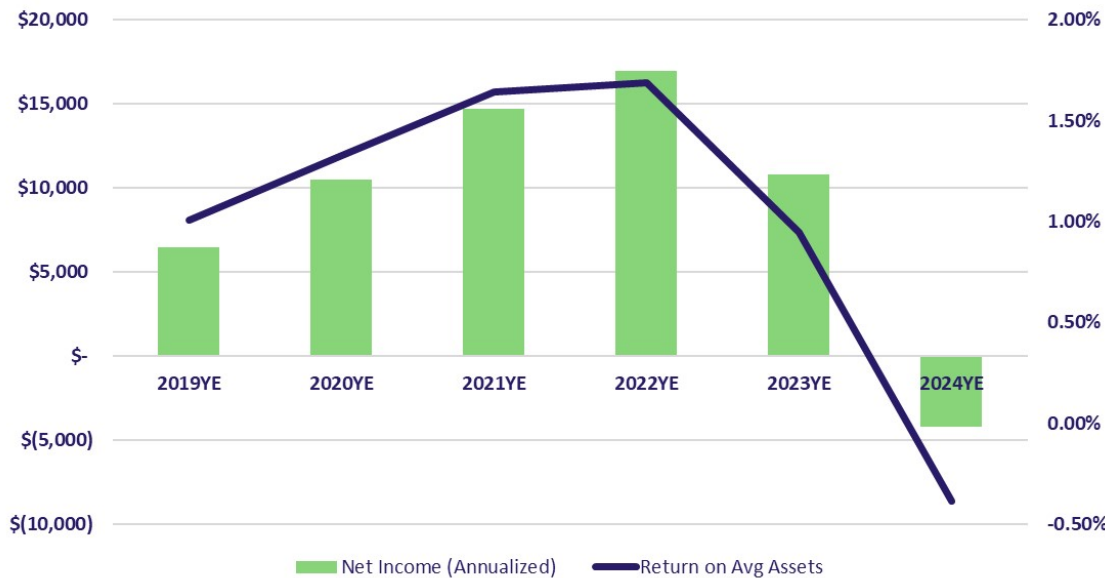
\* Rolling 4 Quarter Average

## Managing Infrastructure Costs in an Inflationary Environment



- Operating expenses in FY 2024 were held flat at \$25.3MM vs \$25MM in FY 2023, as cost cutting was initiated offsetting inflationary pressures
  - One-time Goodwill expense \$4.1MM excluded
- Cost cutting efforts employed in Q4 2024 will impact future quarters beginning Q1 2025

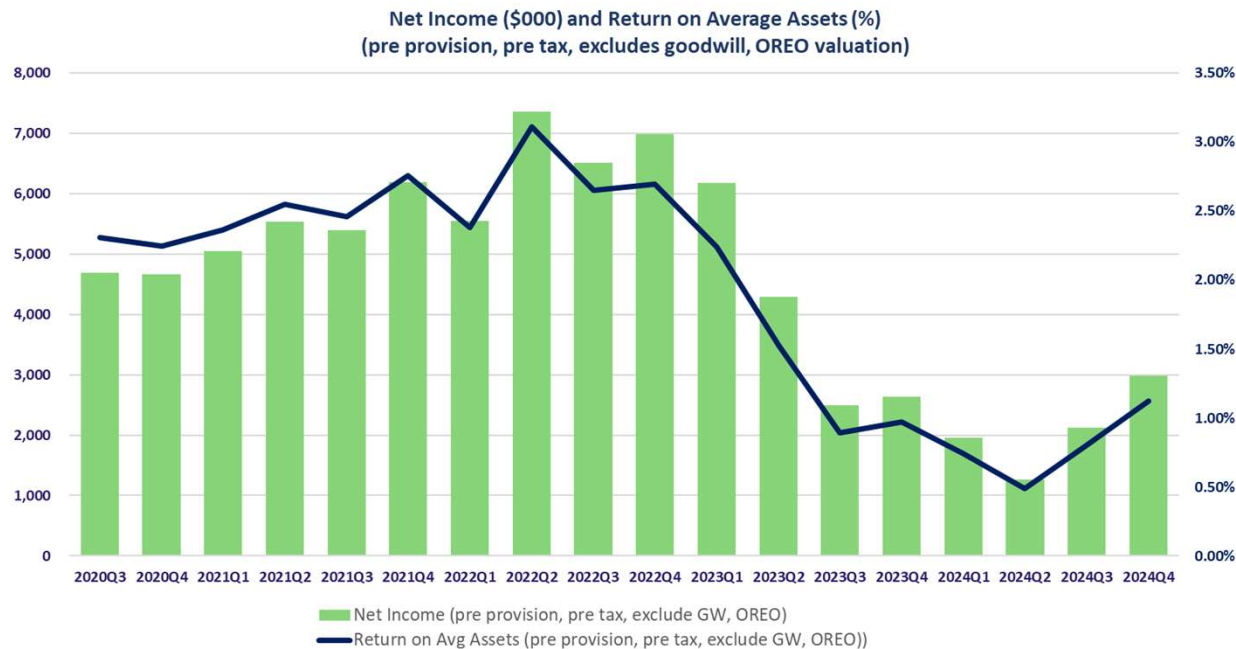
## Financial Trends



- Net Interest Income decreased from \$35.5MM FY 2023 to \$29.5MM FY 2024
- Non-Interest Income decreased from \$5.2MM FY 2023 to \$3.5MM FY 2024
- Operating Expenses held flat from \$25MM FY 2023 to \$25.3MM FY 2024 (excluding one-time Goodwill write-down), due to cost cutting measures
- FY 2024 includes Problem Loan charge-offs of \$9.7MM with \$7.9MM of credit loss reprovioning

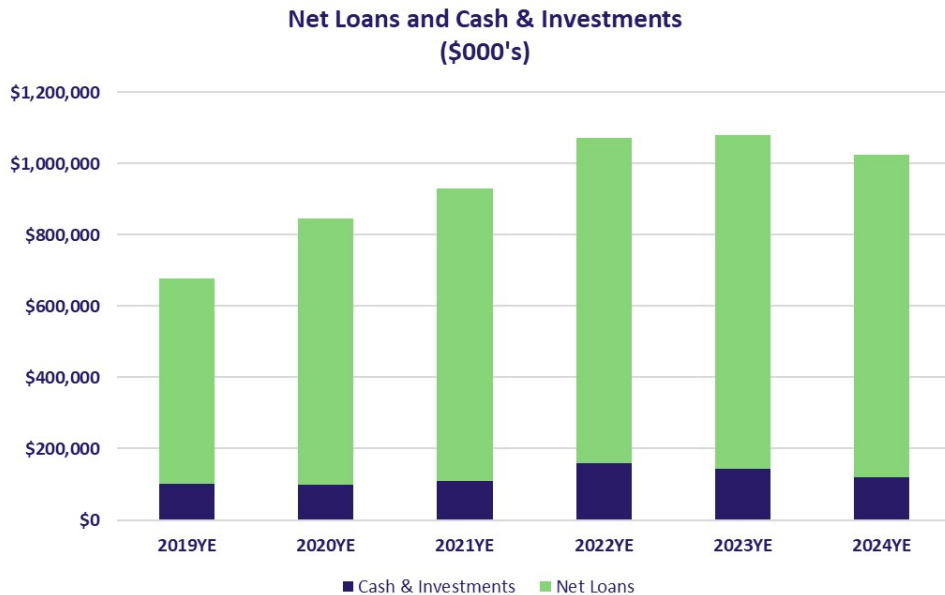


# Net Operating Income



- **Net Operating Income = Net Income before loss provision and taxes**  
(excluding Goodwill write-down, OREO valuation adjustment)
- **Net Operating Income impacted in Q4 2024 with multiple one-time expenses:**
  - Write down of Goodwill (\$4.1MM)
  - Reduction in Valuation of OREO (\$700M)

## Assets Trends

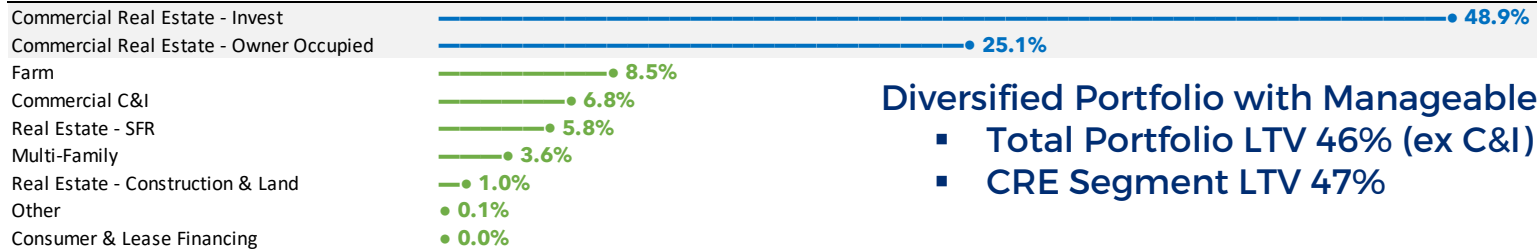


- Focused Growth on Owner Occupied Conventional CRE and C&I Loans with Targeted Yield at 7.35%
- Focus on SBA Guaranteed Loans with Targeted Yield at 9.68%
- Portfolio Loan Yield as of 2024Q4 at 5.97%
  - \$492MM of Treasury based loans are scheduled to reprice in the next 3 yrs at a differential of more than 2%
- Focused on Organic Loan Growth amid challenging market conditions
- Manage Balance Sheet to maximize Capital Ratios
  - Amortization and prepayments have averaged \$7MM per month over the last year

# Loan Portfolio Composition

## Total Loan Portfolio

### Portfolio Product Types, %

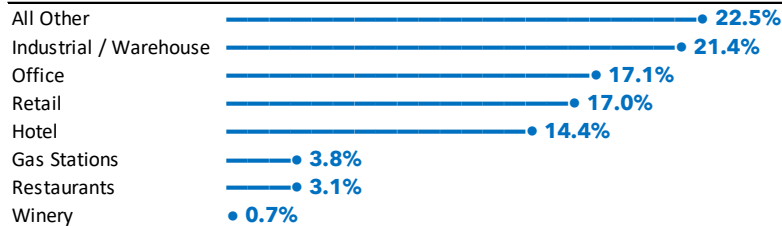


### Diversified Portfolio with Manageable Risk

- Total Portfolio LTV 46% (ex C&I)
- CRE Segment LTV 47%

## CRE Concentration (Investment & Owner Occupied)

### Commercial Real Estate Concentration, %



### Commercial Real Estate (CRE) Portfolio:

- Investment: 66% of segment, DSCR 1.62x
- Owner Occupied 34% of segment, DSCR 2.00x
- CRE LTV 48% for Property Types with Higher Risk

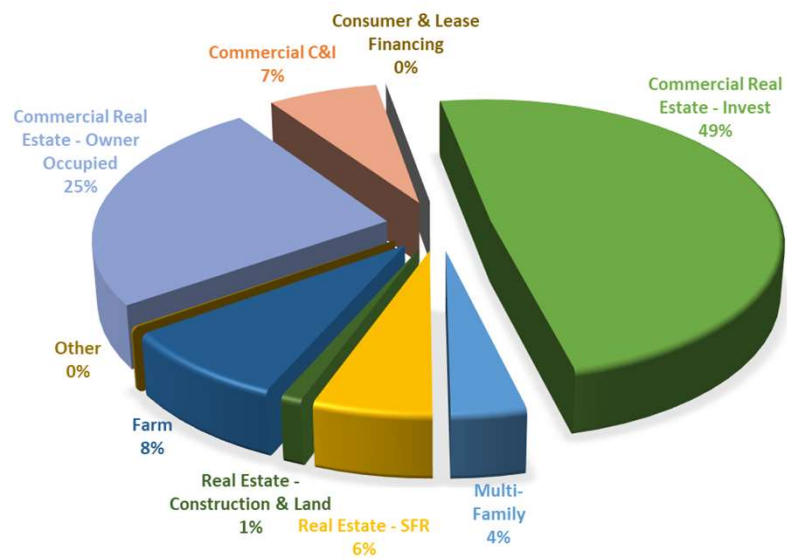
### Commercial Real Estate (CRE) Segment Risks:

- Current Risks: Wineries, Hotels, and Restaurants at ~18% of CRE segment
- Post Pandemic Risks: Office at 17% of CRE segment (LTV 54%)

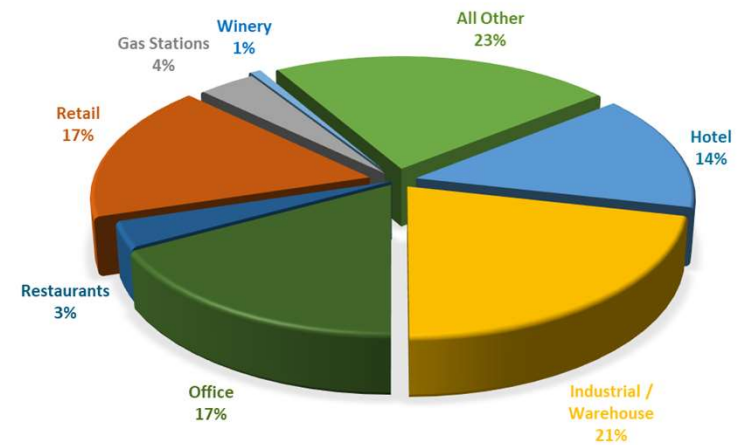
*Note: Segment DSCR's are calculated using weighted average based on most recent financials which may be dated in some cases. Additionally, DSCR's can be property based or global calculations including guarantors.*

# Loan Composition

## Total Loan Portfolio



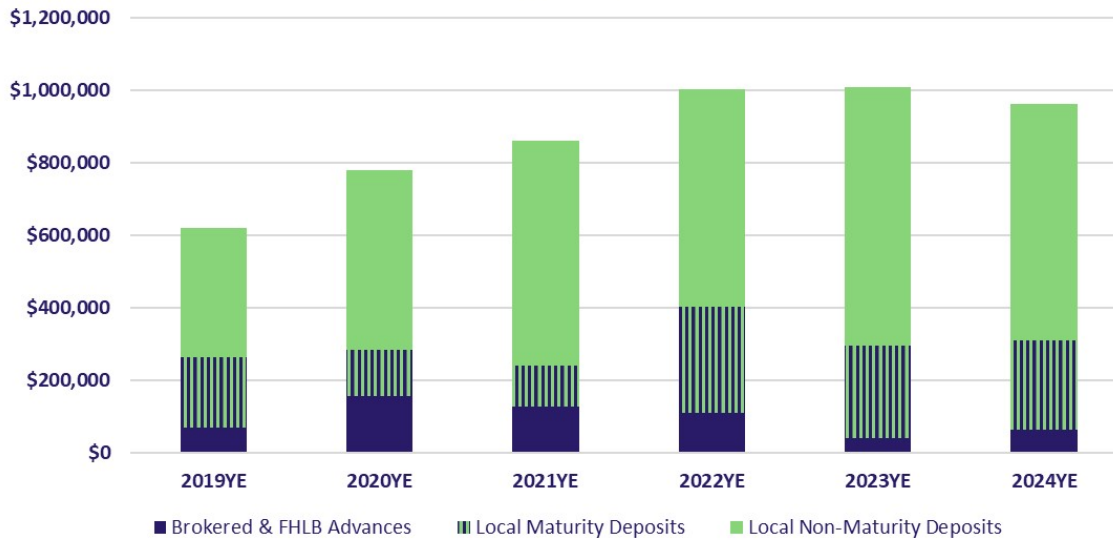
## CRE Loan Portfolio Concentration: Investment & Owner Occupied





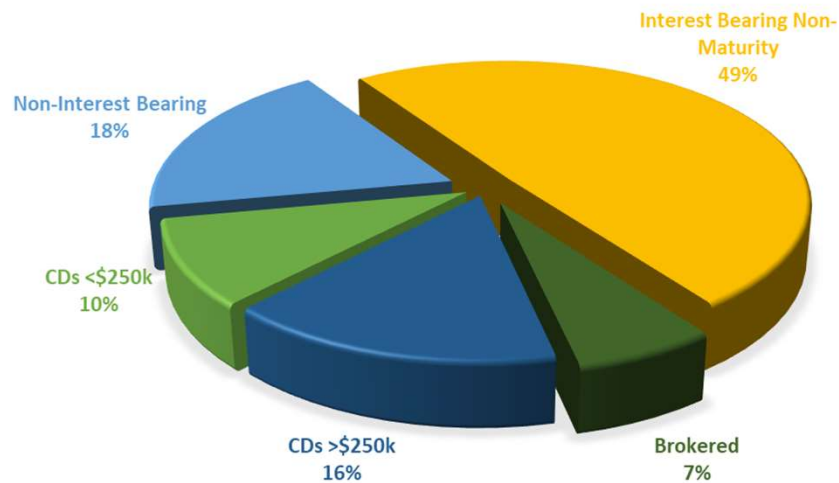
# Liabilities Trends

Local Deposits and Brokered & FHLB Advances  
(\$000's)



- Continued Focus on Managing Local Non-Maturity Deposit Growth to match Loan Growth
- Deposit growth from 2018 to 4Q2024:
  - Local Non-Maturity Deposits went from 57% to 68% of Total Deposits
  - Total Local Deposits went from 89% to 93% of Total Deposits

## Deposit Composition



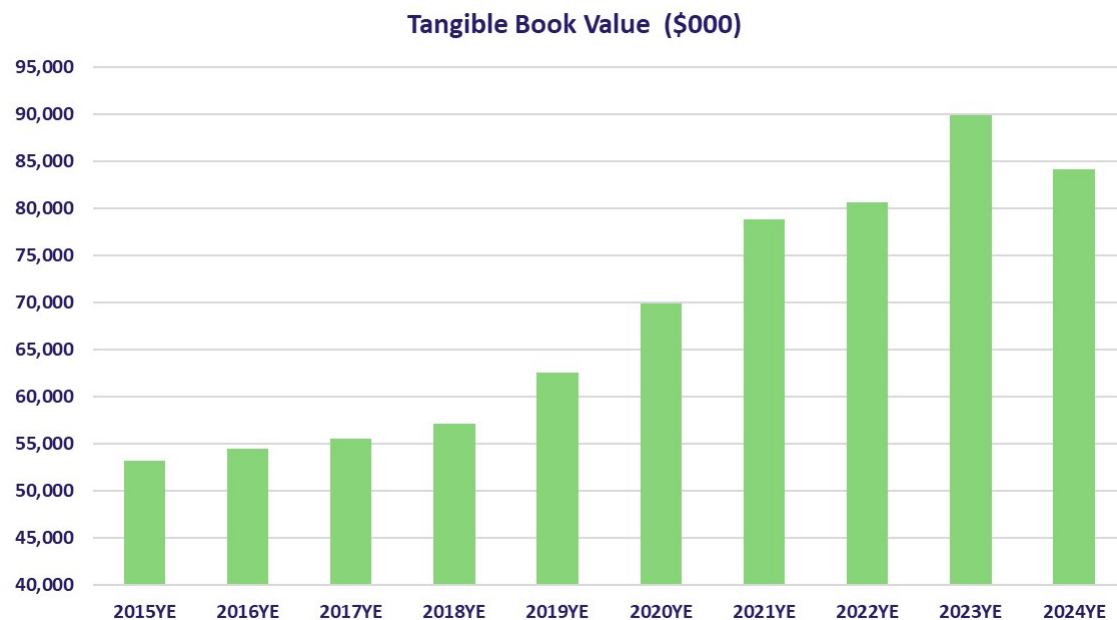
- Organic Deposit Growth through Strong Relationship Practices
- Focused Local Deposit Growth
- 4Q2024 Average Cost of Deposits at 2.93%



## Focus on Liquidity and Quality as of Q4 2024

- ❖ 111MM of Available Primary Liquidity
  - Including Cash and Investments Available for Sale
  - Primary Liquidity is 11%
- ❖ \$344MM of Available Secondary Lines
  - Including FHLB, Federal Reserve Bank, and Fed Funds lines
  - Total Liquidity (Primary + Secondary Liquidity) is 43%
- ❖ \$97MM of Contingent Funding Sources
  - Broker Deposits (based on internal policy limits) and Guaranteed SBA loan balances eligible for sale
- ❖ AOCI impact is minimal to Capital Ratio (~1%)
- ❖ Deposit Portfolio Quality
  - An estimated 25% of Deposits are uninsured by FDIC
  - Deposit Concentrations
    - Only 3 Depositors meet Regulatory definition of Large Depositors
    - Top 25 Depositors represent only 25% of Deposits as of Q4 2024
    - Total Local Deposits are 93% of Total Deposits

## Tangible Book Value Growth

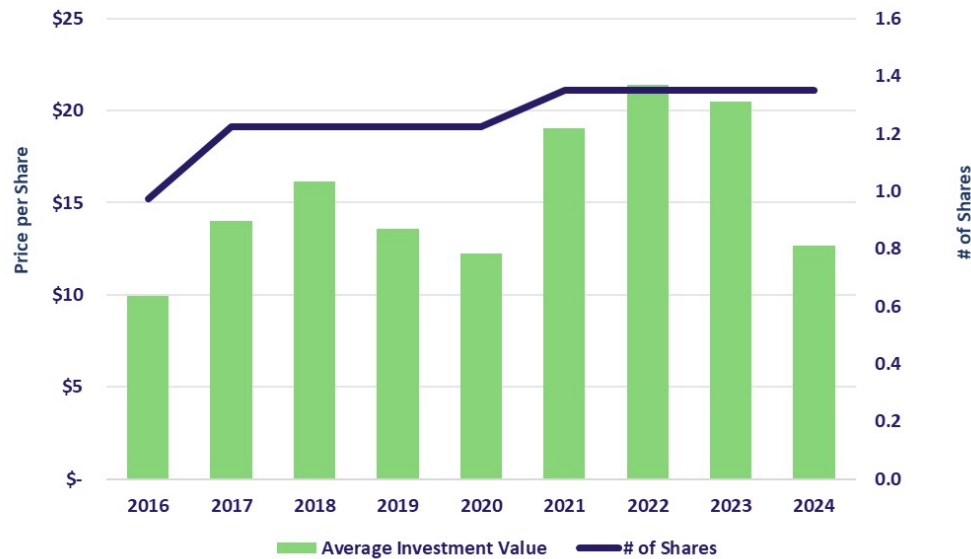


- Tangible Book Value has improved 47% since 2018, or 8% annualized growth
- Tangible Book Value growth has solely been driven by retention of earnings
- As of March 24, 2025, the Bank's stock price was trading at 0.72x of Book Value



# Investor Stock Value

Investment in 1 share since 2016 as of: 2024YE



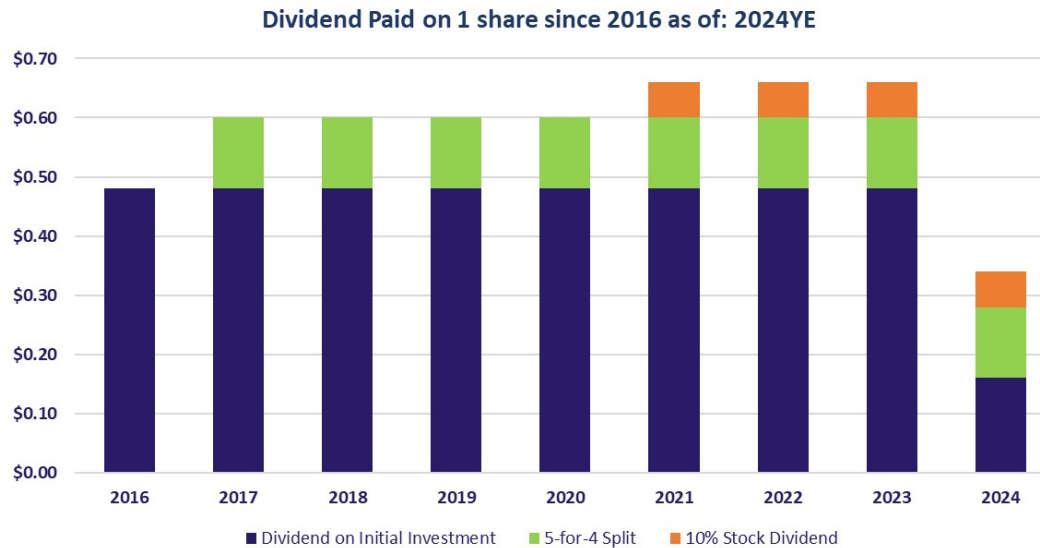
Graph illustrates investment in 1 share of stock beginning in 2016

- 2016: One share of stock purchased
- 2017: A five-for-four stock split results in 1.25 shares outstanding
- 2021: A one time 10% stock dividend results in 1.38 shares outstanding
- Stock Value increased 28% since 2016, or an average of 3% per year

*Note: Value represents the Bank's average annual stock price adjusted historically for splits and dividend multiplied by the number of shares*

## Dividend Return

Graph illustrates annual cash dividend returns on 1 share of stock beginning in 2016



- Dividend on Initial Investment relates to the original purchase of 1 share
- Additional Dividend Return of 37.5% is a result of:
  - 5-for-4 stock split (2017)
  - one time 10% stock dividend (2021)
- Dividends were not declared in Q4 2024 in an effort to build capital

The Bank continues to focus on maintaining strong capital levels and reducing risk in the Balance Sheet before considering declaring another dividend.

# Awards and Accolades





# Why Summit State Bank?

- ❖ Experienced Executive & Management Team
- ❖ Commitment to a Culture of Success
- ❖ Focus on Organic Growth and Driving Core Customer Deposits
- ❖ Strategic Lending Platform Positioned to Deliver Results
- ❖ Significant Growth in Tangible Book Value of shares in last 5 years
- ❖ Experienced and dedicated Board of Directors with strong local ties



## Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the “safe-harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including forward-looking statements regarding our expectations and beliefs about our future financial performance and financial condition and trends in our business and markets. Words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates” and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as “will,” “should,” “would” and “could” are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on current information and on assumptions that we make about future events and circumstances that are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that are often difficult to predict and beyond our control. As a result of those risks and uncertainties, our actual future financial results and outcomes could differ, possibly materially, from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. Those risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risk of incurring credit losses; the quality and quantity of our deposits; adverse developments in the financial services industry and any related impact on depositor behavior or investor sentiment; risks related to the sufficiency of our liquidity; the risk that we will not be able to maintain growth at historic rates or at all; general economic conditions, either nationally or locally in the areas in which we conduct our business; risks associated with changes in interest rates, which could adversely affect our future operating results; the risk that customers or counterparties may not performance in accordance with the terms of credit documents due a decline in credit worthiness, business conditions or other reasons; the unpredictability of any litigation; adverse conditions in real estate markets; and the inherent uncertainty of expectations regarding the performance or resolution of loans. Additional information regarding these and other risks and uncertainties to which our business and future financial performance are subject is contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 and other documents we file with the FDIC from time to time. Due to these and other possible uncertainties and risks, you should not place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, which speak only as of today's date. We also disclaim any obligation to update forward-looking statements contained in this presentation except as may be required by law.



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